

# Changing State of Refrigerants – Digest 2015-12

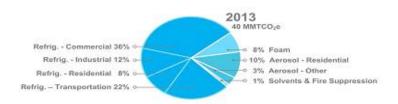
## California's SLCP Reduction Target to impact HFC Refrigerants

#### What is SLCP?

Short Llived Climate Pollutants are powerful climate forcers that remain in the atmosphere for a much shorter period of time than longer-lived climate pollutants, such as carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), and include Black Carbon, Fluorinated Gases and Methane.

### Fluorinated or F-gases

Are considered the fastest growing source of greenhouse gas emissions. They include ozone-depleting CFC's & HCFC's as well as their primary replacement, hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs). It is believed that most F-gas emissions (about 78% based on the 2013 estimates) come from leaks of these gases in refrigeration and air-conditioning systems.



## What is the California F-gas target?

To reduce forecasted F-gas emissions 25% by 2020 and 50% by 2030, with similar targets for black carbon and methane emissions.

## What are they considering in order to achieve this target?

A time table has been proposed that includes incentive programs for Low-GWP adoption, fee programs, and a possible sales/service ban on High and Very-High GWP Refrigerants.

2017 - Incentive program for Low-GWP Adoption (GWP≤150)

2018 - Begin HFC Supply Phase down

2019 - Adoptions of an Upstream High GWP-Fee

2020 - Sales Ban on Very-High GWP Refrigerants (GWP ≥2500)

2021 - Restrictions on New Stationary Refrigeration systems ≥150 GWP

2022 - Restrictions on New Stationary AC equipment ≥750 GWP

## Final Plan Release - Spring 2016

For more info go to <a href="http://www.rsd.net/refrigerantsuite/index.php">http://www.rsd.net/refrigerantsuite/index.php</a> or call 800-245-8007 ex 00405

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